

DOTTORATO DI RICERCA IN BIOLOGIA CELLULARE E DELLO SVILUPPO

40th CYCLE

Project proposal for a Sapienza PhD scholarship

Main research line

Title: Formation and homeostasis of oligogalacturonides (OGs) in immune signalling

**Supervisor: Prof. Giulia De Lorenzo, giulia.delorenzo@uniroma1.it
<https://corsidilaurea.uniroma1.it/it/users/giuliadelorenzouniroma1it>**

Summary

Plant immunity is activated through plasma membrane receptors that recognize microbe-associated molecular patterns (MAMPs) and/or pathogen-derived effectors (Ngou et al., 2022). However, a primary danger for the plant cells is represented by any alteration to their encapsulating protective structure formed by the extracellular matrix (i.e. the cell wall, CW). CW is the cell compartment most exposed to damage and alterations of its integrity pose a high risk by offering an easy passageway to the pathogens into the plant tissue (Savatin et al., 2014; Molina et al., 2024; Pontiggia et al., 2024). Protection and repair of injured sites must have been a primary need of plants, and it is conceivable that a key step in the evolution of plant immunity was the acquisition of the ability, also in the absence of pathogens, to respond to cell and tissue damage, by perceiving damage-associated molecular patterns (DAMPs) generated during injuries (De Lorenzo et al., 2018). The oligogalacturonides (OGs), i.e. the first discovered and best characterized DAMPs in the living kingdom, are generated through a specific interaction between a plant protein named PGIP (polygalacturonase inhibiting protein), and microbial polygalacturonases (PGs) (Kalunke et al., 2015; De Lorenzo and Cervone, 2022). The crystal structure of the complex has recently shown that PGIP is not a classical inhibitor that hinders the active site of PG but rather as an enzyme modifier that creates with PG a dimeric enzyme and a novel active site especially designed for the formation of immune-reactive OGs, thus demonstrating that the formation of OGs is not a casual event (Xiao et al., 2024). Moreover, a dedicated system represented by redundant, developmentally regulated and oxidases (OGOXS) specifically maintain the homeostasis of OGs and play a role in the response to pathogens and wounding (Benedetti et al., 2018; De Lorenzo and Cervone, 2022)(manuscript submitted). Notably, OGs have been recently shown to be crucial elements in the regulation of the dynamics of plasma membrane (PM) receptor kinases (RKs) in response to the peptides known as RAPID ALKALINIZATION FACTORS (RALFs) mediated by the RK FERONIA (Liu et al., 2024), reinforcing the view that OGs are key regulatory molecules in the plant.

This PhD project wants to investigate whether and how the formation of OGs by a PG-PGIP mechanism and subsequent OG homeostasis by OGOX are at the basis of plant responses also in the absence of pathogenic microbes, i.e. upon wounding and during developmental processes.

OBJECTIVE 1. The structural information gained from the recently solved crystal structure of the *PvPGIP2-FmPG* complex will be exploited to search for yet unexplored specific OG-forming combinations of PGs and PGIPs that regulate wound healing as well as other physiological processes in Arabidopsis. In parallel, biochemical approaches will be used also to isolate Arabidopsis PGs that interact with the Arabidopsis PGIP1 and PGIP2. PGs of interest will be further characterized, also through reverse genetic approaches.

OBJECTIVE 2. The role of OGOX1 and its membrane-associated form will be elucidated in the context of immune signalling and the dynamics of PM signalling receptor complexes.

REFERENCES

- Benedetti M, Verrascina I, Pontiggia D, Locci F, Mattei B, De Lorenzo G, Cervone F** (2018) Four Arabidopsis berberine bridge enzyme-like proteins are specific oxidases that inactivate the elicitor-active oligogalacturonides. *Plant Journal* 94:260-273
- De Lorenzo G, Cervone F** (2022) Plant immunity by damage-associated molecular patterns (DAMPs). *Essays Biochem* 66:459-469
- De Lorenzo G, Ferrari S, Cervone F, Okun E** (2018) Extracellular DAMPs in plants and mammals: immunity, tissue damage and repair. *Trends Immunol* 39:937-950
- Kalunke RM, Tundo S, Benedetti M, Cervone F, De Lorenzo G, D'Ovidio R** (2015) An update on polygalacturonase-inhibiting protein (PGIP), a leucine-rich repeat protein that protects crop plants against pathogens. *Front Plant Sci* 6:146
- Liu MJ, Yeh FJ, Yvon R, Simpson K, Jordan S, Chambers J, Wu HM, Cheung AY** (2024) Extracellular pectin-RALF phase separation mediates FERONIA global signaling function. *Cell* 187:312-330 e322
- Molina A, Jordá L, Torres M, Martín-Dacal M, Berlanga DJ, Fernández-Calvo P, Gómez-Rubio E, Martín-Santamaría S** (2024) Plant cell wall-mediated disease resistance: Current understanding and future perspectives. *Mol Plant* 10.1016/j.molp.2024.04.003
- Ngou BPM, Ding P, Jones JDG** (2022) Thirty years of resistance: Zig-zag through the plant immune system. *Plant Cell* 34:1447-1478
- Pontiggia D, Giulietti S, Gramegna G, Lionetti V, Lorrain R, Marti L, Ferrari S, De Lorenzo G, Cervone F** (2024) Resilience of the plant cell wall and damage-associated molecular patterns (DAMPs) drive plant immunity. In A Geitmann, ed, *Plant Cell Wall: Research Milestones and Conceptual Insight*, Ed First. CRC Press, Boca Raton London New York, pp 393-411
- Savatin DV, Gramegna G, Modesti V, Cervone F** (2014) Wounding in the plant tissue: the defense of a dangerous passage. *Front Plant Sci* 5:470
- Xiao Y, Sun G, Yu Q, Gao T, Zhu Q, Wang R, Huang S, Han Z, Cervone F, Yin H, Qi T, Wang Y, Chai J** (2024) A plant mechanism of hijacking pathogen virulence factors to trigger innate immunity. *Science* 383:732-739

Pertinent Publications of the proponent (last 5 years) (besides those indicated above)

- Costantini S, Benedetti M, Pontiggia D, Giovannoni M, Cervone F, Mattei B, **De Lorenzo G**. (2024). Berberine bridge enzyme-like oxidases of cellodextrins and mixed-linked β -glucans control seed coat formation. *Plant Physiology*, 194(1), 296–313. doi: 10.1093/plphys/kiad457
- Scortica A, Giovannoni M, Scafati V, Angelucci F, Cervone F, **De Lorenzo G**, Benedetti, Mattei B. (2022) Berberine Bridge Enzyme-like Oligosaccharide Oxidases Act as Enzymatic Transducers Between Microbial Glycoside Hydrolases and Plant Peroxidases. *Mol Plant Microbe Interact*. 35(10):881-886. doi: 10.1094/MPMI-05-22-0113-TA.
- Giovannoni M, Lironi D, Marti L, Paparella C, Vecchi V, Gust AA, **De Lorenzo G**, Nürnberger T, Ferrari S. (2021) The Arabidopsis thaliana LysM-containing Receptor-Like Kinase 2 is required

for elicitor-induced resistance to pathogens. *Plant Cell Environ.* 44(12):3545-3562. doi: 10.1111/pce.14192.

- Lorrain R, Francocci F, Gully K, Martens HJ, **De Lorenzo G**, Nawrath C, Ferrari S. (2021). Impaired Cuticle Functionality and Robust Resistance to *Botrytis cinerea* in *Arabidopsis thaliana* Plants With Altered Homogalacturonan Integrity Are Dependent on the Class III Peroxidase AtPRX71. *Front Plant Sci.* 12:696955. doi: 10.3389/fpls.2021.696955.
- Chiusano ML, Incerti G, Colantuono C, Termolino P, Palomba E, Monticcolo F, Benvenuto G, Foscari A, Esposito A, Marti L, de Lorenzo G, Vega-Muñoz I, Heil M, Carteni F, Bonanomi G, Mazzoleni S. (2021) *Arabidopsis thaliana* Response to Extracellular DNA: Self Versus Nonself Exposure. *Plants (Basel)*. 10(8):1744. doi: 10.3390/plants10081744.
- Giovannoni M, Marti L, Ferrari S, Tanaka-Takada N, Maeshima M, Ott T, **De Lorenzo G**, Mattei B. (2021) The plasma membrane-associated Ca²⁺-binding protein, PCaP1, is required for oligogalacturonide and flagellin-induced priming and immunity. *Plant, Cell & Environment* 44(9):3078-3093. doi: 10.1111/pce.14118.
- Gamir J, Minchev Z, Berrio E, Garcia JM, **De Lorenzo G**, Pozo MJ (2021) Roots drive oligogalacturonide-induced systemic immunity in tomato. *Plant, Cell & Environment* 44 (1), 275-289. doi: 10.1111/pce.13917
- Marti L, DV Savatin, N Gigli-Bisceglia, V de Turreis, F Cervone, **De Lorenzo G**. (2021)The intracellular ROS accumulation in elicitor-induced immunity requires the multiple organelle-targeted *Arabidopsis* NPK1-related protein kinases *Plant, Cell & Environment* 44(3):931-947. doi:10.1111/pce.13978
- Pontiggia D, M Benedetti, S Costantini, **G De Lorenzo**, F Cervone (2020) Dampening the DAMPs: How Plants Maintain the Homeostasis of Cell Wall Molecular Patterns and Avoid Hyper-Immunity. *Frontiers in Plant Science* 11:613259. doi: 10.3389/fpls.2020.6132.
- Pontiggia D, Spinelli F, Fabbri C, Licursi V, Negri R, **De Lorenzo G**, Mattei B (2019) Changes in the microsomal proteome of tomato fruit during Ripening *SCI. REP.* 9:14350, DOI 10.1038/s41598
- De Caroli M, Manno E, Perrotta C, **De Lorenzo G**, Di Sansebastiano GP, Piro G. (2020) CesA6 and PGIP2 Endocytosis Involves Different Subpopulations of TGN-Related Endosomes. *Front Plant Sci.* 11:350. doi: 10.3389/fpls.2020.00350.
- Locci F, Benedetti M, Pontiggia D, Citterico M, Caprari C, Mattei B, Cervone F, **De Lorenzo G** (2019) An *Arabidopsis* berberine bridge enzyme-like protein specifically oxidizes cellulose oligomers and plays a role in immunity. *Plant J.* 2019 98(3):540-554. doi: 10.1111/tpj.14237
- **De Lorenzo G**, Ferrari S, Giovannoni M, Mattei B, Cervone F. (2019) Cell wall traits that influence plant development, immunity, and bioconversion. *Plant J.* 97(1):134-147. doi: 10.1111/tpj.14196
- Wu J, Reza IB, Spinelli F, Lironi D, **De Lorenzo G**, Poltronieri P, Cervone F, Joosten MHAJ, Ferrari S, Brutus A. (2019) An EFR-Cf-9 chimera confers enhanced resistance to bacterial pathogens by SOBIR1- and BAK1-dependent recognition of elf18. *Mol Plant Pathol.* 2019 Jun;20(6):751-764. doi: 10.1111/mpp.12789