

# Statistical Theory (8 CFU, 48 hours)

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**Lecture:** Day... Hour...

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## Course objectives

The course is addressed to first year Ph.D. students in the Department of Statistics. It is assumed that students have taken statistics at an advanced undergraduate level and are familiar with mathematical ideas such as proofs.

We will cover a selection of topics in statistical theory, with a focus on extensions of classical inference to misspecified models, quasi-likelihood and composite likelihood. One of the main goals is to provide students with some background to understand the ongoing statistical inference, which focus on dealing with non-standard cases.

## Tentative list of topics

### Module I (Marco Alfò)

- Basic statistical inference: likelihood functions, derived quantities (score, observed information matrix and expected information matrix)
- ML estimation: properties of MLE (consistency and asymptotic properties) under well-specified and misspecified model
- Limiting Distributions and asymptotic tests
- Nuisance Parameters and profile likelihood.

### Module II (Monia Ranalli)

- Quasi likelihood and generalized estimating equations: mean response function, variance function, link function and dispersion parameter. Unbiased estimating equation and Bartlett identities. Asymptotic covariance matrix (Godambe Information matrix).
- Pseudo likelihood: definition and estimation.
- Composite likelihood: definition, derived quantities (composite score, sensitivity matrix, variability matrix, Godambe Information)
- Composite likelihood estimation: properties of CLE, asymptotic theory (limiting distribution) composite likelihood ratio test, nuisance parameters.
- Composite likelihood vs. weighted composite likelihood (asymptotic efficiency).
- Composite EM algorithm and composite model selection.

## Main textbook

- Cox, D.R. and Hinkley, D.V. (1974) Theoretical Statistics

## Additional References

### *Likelihood Basics*

- Cox, D.R. (2006) Principles of Statistical Inference (Cox)

### *Misspecified Models*

- Kent, J. T. (1982). Robust properties of likelihood ratio tests. *Biometrika* 69, 19-27
- White, H. (1982) Maximum likelihood estimation of misspecified models. *Econometrica* 50, 1--25.
- Liang, K.-Y. and Zeger, S.L. (1986) Longitudinal data analysis using generalized linear models. *Biometrika* 75, 13--22.
- Gouerieroux, C. et al. (1993) Indirect inference. *J. Appl. Econometrics* 8 S85-S118
- Smith, A.A. (2008). Indirect inference. in *New Palgrave Dictionary of Economics*

### *Quasi-likelihood*

- Diggle, P.J., Heagerty, P., Liang K-Y., and Zeger, S.L. (2002). *Analysis of Longitudinal Data* (second edition). Oxford.
- Firth, D. (1993). Recent developments in quasi-likelihood methods. *Bulletin International Statistical Institute* 55, 341-358.
- Halekoh, U., Hojsgaard, S., and Yuan, J. (2006). The R package geePack for generalized estimating equations. *Journal of Statistical Software* 15 (2).
- Liang, K.-Y. and Zeger, S.L. (1986). Longitudinal data analysis using generalized linear models. *Biometrika* 73, 13-22.
- Wedderburn, R.W.M. (1974). Quasi-likelihood functions, generalized linear models, and the Gauss-Newton method. *Biometrika* 61, 439-447.

### *Pseudo likelihood*

- Besag, J. (1975), "Statistical Analysis of Non-Lattice Data", *The Statistician*, 24 (3): 179–195

### *Composite likelihood*

- Lindsay, B.G. (1988). Composite likelihood methods. *Contemporary Mathematics* 80, 221-239.
- Cox, D. and Reid, N. (2004). A note on pseudolikelihood constructed from marginal densities. *Biometrika* 91, 729-737.
- Lindsay, B. (1988). Composite likelihood methods. *Contemporary Mathematics* 80, 220-239.
- Molenberghs, G. and Verbeke, G. (2005). *Models for Discrete Longitudinal Data*. Springer
- Varin, C., Reid, N., and Firth, D. (2011). An overview of composite likelihood methods. *Statistica Sinica* 21, 5-42.

### **Final Exam**